

BYM56 series

FEATURES

- Glass passivated
- High maximum operating temperature
- Low leakage current
- Excellent stability
- Guaranteed avalanche energy absorption capability
- Available in ammo-pack
- Also available with preformed leads for easy insertion.

DESCRIPTION

Rugged glass package, using a high temperature alloyed construction.

This package is hermetically sealed and fatigue free as coefficients of expansion of all used parts are matched.

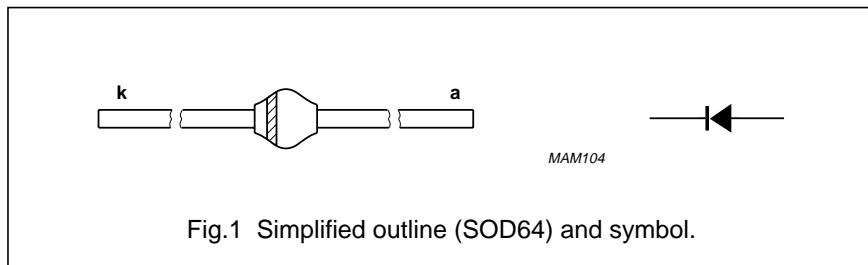


Fig.1 Simplified outline (SOD64) and symbol.

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{RRM}	repetitive peak reverse voltage BYM56A		–	200	V
	BYM56B			400	V
	BYM56C			600	V
	BYM56D			800	V
	BYM56E			1000	V
V_{RWM}	crest working reverse voltage BYM56A		–	200	V
	BYM56B			400	V
	BYM56C			600	V
	BYM56D			800	V
	BYM56E			1000	V
	continuous reverse voltage BYM56A			200	V
V_R	BYM56B		–	400	V
	BYM56C			600	V
	BYM56D			800	V
	BYM56E			1000	V
	average forward current	$T_{tp} = 60 \text{ }^\circ\text{C};$ lead length = 10 mm; averaged over any 20 ms period; see Figs 2 and 4	–	3.5	A
$I_{F(AV)}$				1.4	A
	$T_{amb} = 65 \text{ }^\circ\text{C};$ PCB mounting (see Fig.9); averaged over any 20 ms period; see Figs 3 and 4	–			
I_{FSM}	non-repetitive peak forward current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ half sinewave; $T_j = T_{j\max}$ prior to surge; $V_R = V_{RRM\max}$	–	80	A

BYM56 series

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
E_{RSM}	non-repetitive peak reverse avalanche energy	$L = 120 \text{ mH}; T_j = T_{j\max}$ prior to surge; inductive load switched off	—	20	mJ
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+175	°C
T_j	junction temperature	see Fig.5	-65	+175	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 25 \text{ °C}$; unless otherwise specified.

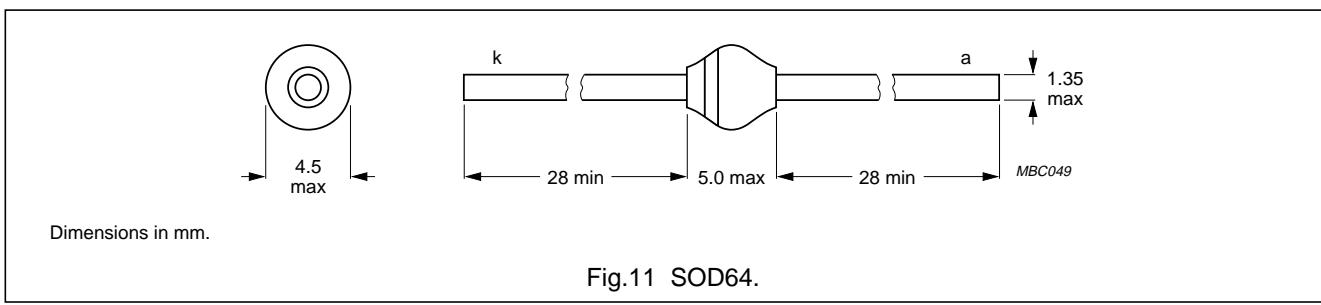
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V_F	forward voltage	$I_F = 3 \text{ A}; T_j = T_{j\max}$; see Fig.6	—	—	0.95	V
		$I_F = 3 \text{ A}$; see Fig.6	—	—	1.15	V
$V_{(BR)R}$	reverse avalanche breakdown voltage BYM56A BYM56B BYM56C BYM56D BYM56E	$I_R = 0.1 \text{ mA}$				
			225	—	—	V
			450	—	—	V
			650	—	—	V
			900	—	—	V
			1100	—	—	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = V_{RRM\max}$; see Fig.7	—	—	1	μA
		$V_R = V_{RRM\max}; T_j = 165 \text{ °C}$; see Fig.7	—	—	150	μA
t_{rr}	reverse recovery time	when switched from $I_F = 0.5 \text{ A}$ to $I_R = 1 \text{ A}$; measured at $I_R = 0.25 \text{ A}$; see Fig.10	—	3	—	μs
C_d	diode capacitance	$V_R = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$; see Fig.8	—	90	—	pF

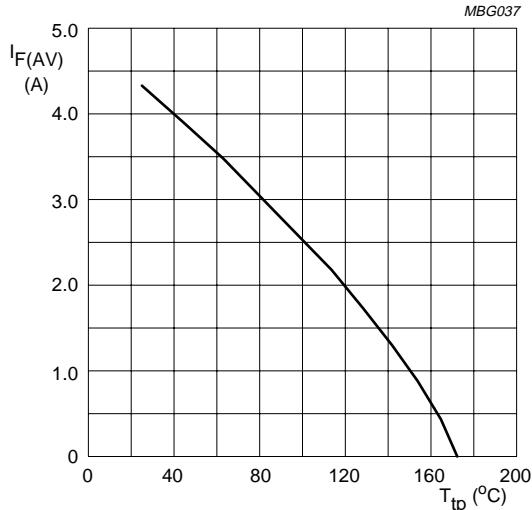
THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$R_{th j\text{-tp}}$	thermal resistance from junction to tie-point	lead length = 10 mm	25	K/W
$R_{th j\text{-a}}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	note 1	75	K/W

Note

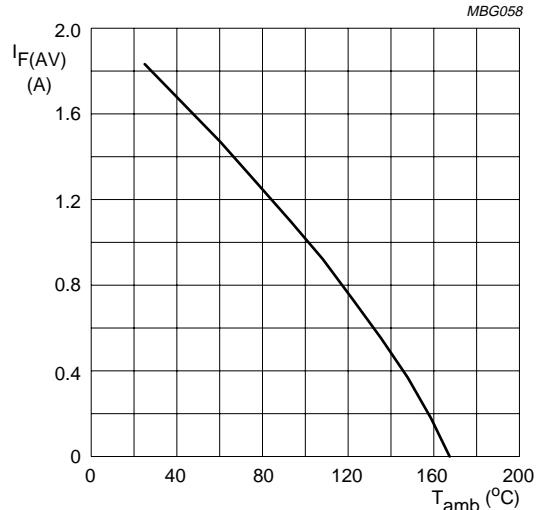
- Device mounted on epoxy-glass printed-circuit board, 1.5 mm thick; thickness of copper $\geq 40 \mu\text{m}$, see Fig.9.
For more information please refer to the "General Part of associated Handbook".



BYM56 series
GRAPHICAL DATA


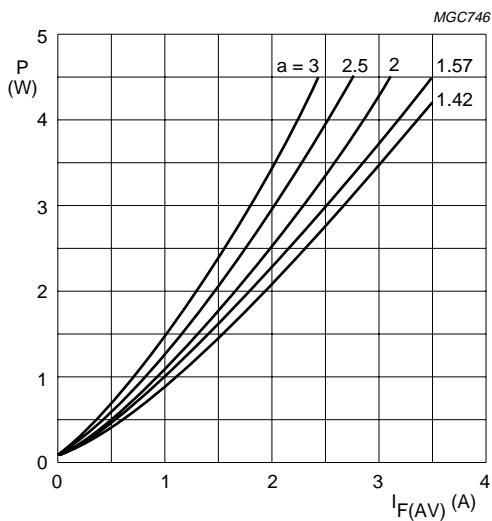
$a = 1.57$; $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$; $\delta = 0.5$.
Lead length 10 mm.

Fig.2 Maximum permissible average forward current as a function of tie-point temperature (including losses due to reverse leakage).



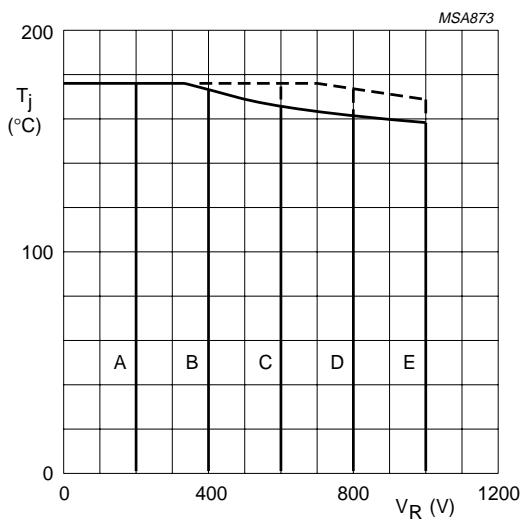
$a = 1.57$; $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$; $\delta = 0.5$.
Device mounted as shown in Fig.9.

Fig.3 Maximum permissible average forward current as a function of ambient temperature (including losses due to reverse leakage).



$a = I_{F(RMS)} / I_{F(AV)}$; $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$; $\delta = 0.5$.

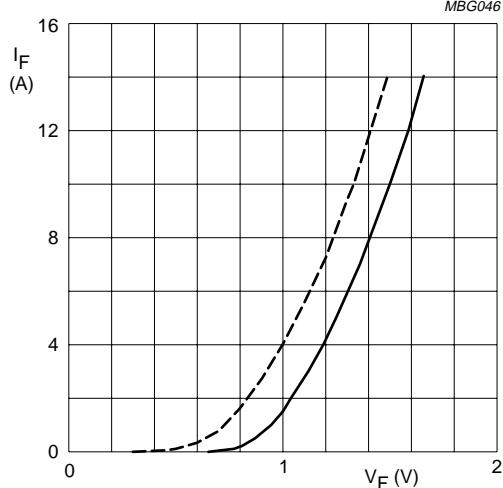
Fig.4 Maximum steady state power dissipation (forward plus leakage current losses, excluding switching losses) as a function of average forward current.



Solid line = V_R .
Dotted line = V_{RRM} ; $\delta = 0.5$.

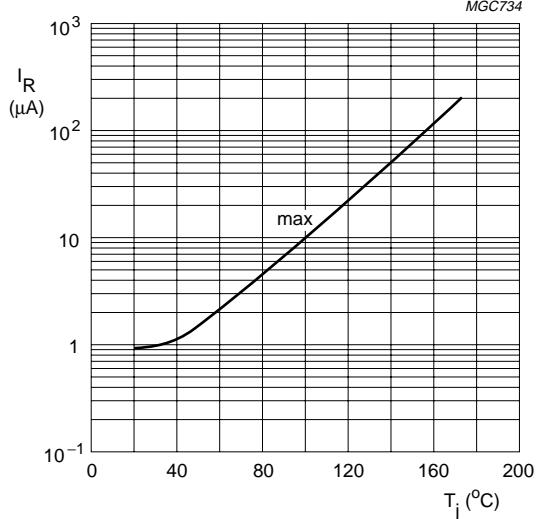
Fig.5 Maximum permissible junction temperature as a function of reverse voltage.

BYM56 series



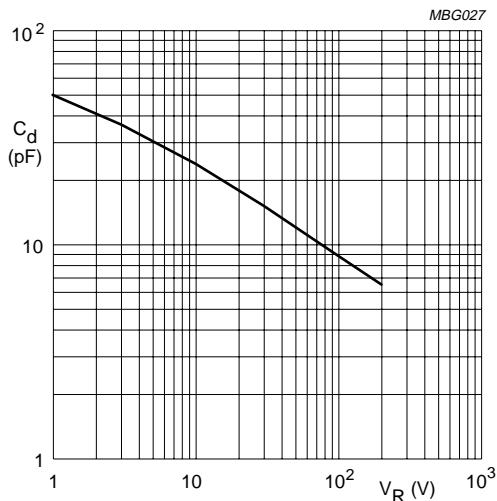
Solid line: $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$.
Dotted line: $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$.

Fig.6 Forward current as a function of forward voltage; maximum values.



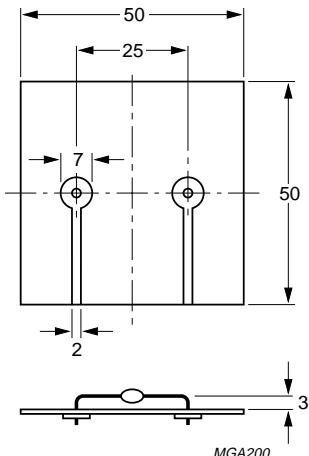
$V_R = V_{RRMmax}$.

Fig.7 Reverse current as a function of junction temperature; maximum values.



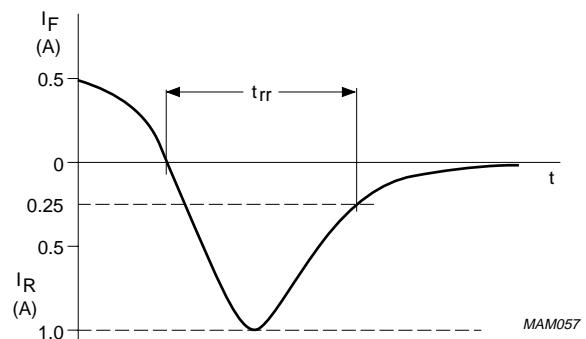
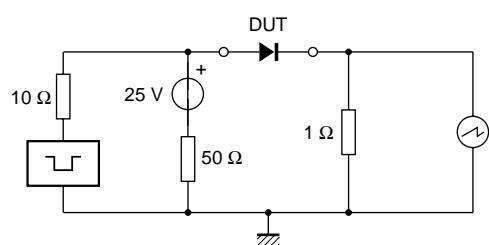
$f = 1 \text{ MHz}; T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

Fig.8 Diode capacitance as a function of reverse voltage; typical values.



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.9 Device mounted on a printed-circuit board.

BYM56 series


Input impedance oscilloscope: $1 \text{ M}\Omega$, 22 pF ; $t_r \leq 7 \text{ ns}$.
 Source impedance: 50Ω ; $t_r \leq 15 \text{ ns}$.

Fig.10 Test circuit and reverse recovery time waveform and definition.